COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS of Master of Technology in Transportation Engineering

Effective from Academic Session 2023-24



DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF JHARKHAND, CHERI-MANATU RANCHI - 835 222, JHARKHAND

Sl. No	Course Title		Period	s Per W	/eek	Credit
			L	Т	Р	
1.	Pavement Materials	TEN611010	3	0	0	3
2.	Urban Transport System Planning	TEN 611020	3	0	0	3
3.	Elective – I		3	0	0	3
	Geometric Design of Transportation	TEN 616010	3	0	0	3
	Facility					
	Airport Engineering	TEN 616020	3	0	0	3
	Intelligent Transport System	TEN 616030	3	0	0	3
	GIS application in Transportation	TEN 616040	3	0	0	3
	Engineering					
5.	Elective – II		3	0	0	3
	Pavement Geotechniques	TEN 616050	3	0	0	3
	Pavement Evaluation, Rehabilitation and	TEN 616060	3	0	0	3
	Maintenance					
	Project Management	TEN 616070	3	0	0	3
	Climate Change and Sustainable	TEN 616080	3	0	0	3
	Development					
6.	Elective – III		3	0	0	3
	Environmental Impact Assessment	TEN 616090	3	0	0	3
	Finite Element Method and Analysis	TEN616100	3	0	0	3
	Design and Maintenance of Low Volume	TEN 616110	3	0	0	3
	Road					
	Railways and Waterways	TEN 616120	3	0	0	3
7.	Research Methodology and IPR	TEN 611030	2	0	0	2
8.	Transportation Engineering Lab -I	TEN 612040	0	0	2	1
9.	Seminar I	TEN 612050	0	0	1	1
10.	AU I (Stress Management by Yoga)	AUD616061	2	0	0	0
		Total C	Credits			19

First Semester

Sl. No	Course Title		Period	s Per W	Veek	Credit
			L	Т	Р	
1.	Pavement Analysis and Design	TEN 621010	3	0	0	3
2.	Traffic Engineering	TEN 621020	3	0	0	3
3.	Elective – IV		3	0	0	3
	Ground Improvement Techniques	TEN 626010	3	0	0	3
	Subsurface Investigation and	TEN 626020	3	0	0	3
	Instrumentation					
	Road Safety	TEN 626030	3	0	0	3
	Operations Research	TEN 626040	3	0	0	3
4.	Elective – V		3	0	0	3
	Intersection Design and Analysis	TEN 626050	3	0	0	3
	Transportation Economics	TEN 626060	3	0	0	3
	Highway Construction Practice	TEN 626070	3	0	0	3
	Hill Road Planning, Design, Construction and Maintenance	TEN 626080	3	0	0	3
5.	Elective – VI		3	0	0	3
	Transport and Environment	TEN 626090	3	0	0	3
	Airport Systems Planning and Design	TEN 626100	3	0	0	3
	Mass Transit System	TEN 626110	3	0	0	3
	Reinforced Soil Structures	TEN 626120	3	0	0	3
6.	Transportation Engineering Lab - II	TEN 622030	0	0	2	1
7.	Mini Project	TEN 624040	0	0	4	2
8.	AU II (Disaster Management)	AUD626051	2	0	0	0
		Total C	redits			18

Second Semester

Third Semester

Sl. No	Course Title		Period	s Per W	/eek	Credit
			L	Т	Р	
1.	Dissertation-I	TEN 714010	0	0	32	16
		Total Cr	edits			16

Fourth Semester

Sl. No	Course Title	Course code	Perio	ds Per V	Week	Credit
			L	Т	Р	
1	Dissertation-II	TEN 724010	0	0	32	16
	(continued from III semester)					
	Total		-	-	-	16

Su	immary			
Semester	Ι	II	III	IV
Semester-wise Total Credits	19	18	16	16
Total Credits			69	

Syllabus

First Semester

Course Code	:	TEN611010
Course Title	:	Pavement Materials
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3,T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to expose students with different pavement materials and their engineering aspects required for pavement construction along with knowledge of bituminous mix design.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction; Soil as material for embankment and subgrade, classification,	10
	properties, laboratory and field test.	
II	Road making aggregates: classification, properties of aggregates, aggregate	12
	gradationtests on Road aggregates,	
III	Bituminous road binders: viscosity grade, emulsions, cut backs and	15
	modified binders; rheology of bituminous binders, modified binders;	
	resilient modulus of pavement materials;	
IV	Mix design -Marshall method and Superpave procedure; Design of	8
	pavement quality concrete mixes, utilization of waste materials in	
	pavements.	

- 1. G. Correia, Flexible Pavements, A. A. Balkema Publishers, 1996.
- 2. P. H. Wright, Highway Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
- 3. S. K. Khanna, C. E. G. Justo and A. Veeraragavan, Highway Material and Pavement Testing, New Chand & Brothers., 2013.
- 4. G. N. Durhan, W. A. Marr, and W. L. De Groff, Resilient Modulus Testing for Pavement Components, ASTM International, U.S.A., 2003.
- 5. S. E. Zoorob, A. C. Collop and S. F. Brown, Performance of Bituminous and Hydraulic Materials in Pavements, A. A. Balkema Publishers, 2002.
- 6. R. N. Hunter, Bituminous Mixtures in Road Construction, Thomas Telford Services Ltd., 1995.
- 7. ASTM, Annual Book of ASTM Standards Section IV, Vol. 04.03, ASTM International, 2002.
- 8. D. Croney, and P. Croney, Design and Performance of Road Pavements, McGraw-Hill, 1998.

After completion of this course students will learn:

- To assess the essential materials required for construction of any pavement.
- The essential engineering properties which must be satisfied by any pavement material to be used for pavement construction.
- Different experiments to be conducted for checking the engineering properties of pavement materials.
- Thebitumen mix design for construction of road pavement.

Course Code	:	TEN 611020
Course Title	:	Urban Transport System Planning
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

Develop a comprehensive understanding of the role and significance of urban transportation systems in shaping cities and influencing socio-economic development. Explore urban transportation policy frameworks and methodologies for transportation planning, considering factors like land use, demand management, and environmental sustainability.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours		
Ι	Fundamentals of transportation planning. Components of transportation			
	system and their interaction.			
II	Land use transportation interaction, transportation economics, Historical	15		
	development and current status of techniques used in travel demand			
	forecasting; Economic theory of travel demand forecasting.			
III	Trip generation, trip distribution, mode choice, traffic assignment,	15		
	Transport system models, Transportation impact study, Data Collection,			
	Passenger and freight movement in urban and regional contexts			
IV	public transportation, transportation system management (TSM), evaluation	5		
	of transportation improvement			

- 1. J. D. Ortuzar and L.G. Willumsen, Modelling Transport, John Wiley and Sons, 2001.
- 2. C.J. Khisty and B.K. Lall, Transportation Engineering An Introduction, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2002.
- 3. C. S. Papacostas and P. D. Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2001.
- 4. P. Chakroborty and A. Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2003.
- 5. B.G. Hutchinson, Principles of Urban Transport Systems Planning, McGraw- Hill Book Co., New York, 1974.

- 6. L.R. Kadiyali, Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.
- 7. G. E. Gray and L. A. Hoel, Public Transportation, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1992.

The students will learn:

- Grasp the fundamentals of urban transportation networks, modes, and their interactions.
- Learn about the components of urban transport systems, including roads, public transit, non-motorized transport, and more.
- Explore urban planning methodologies and their application to transportation design.
- Understand how land use patterns influence transportation demand and system efficiency.

Course Code	:	TEN 616010
Course Title	:	Geometric Design of Transportation Facility
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Study of Geometric Design of Transportation Facility provides opportunities for understanding the transportation problems and identification of the needs.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Geometric design provisions for various transportation facilities as per	10
	AASHTO, IRC and other guidelines; discussion of controls governing	
	geometric design, route layout and selection, elements of design	
II	sight distances, horizontal alignment, transition curves, super elevation and	15
	side friction; vertical alignment: - grades, crest and sag curves	
III	highway cross-sectional elements and their design for rural highways, urban	15
	streets and hill roads; at-grade inter-sections - sight distance consideration	
	and principles of design, channelization, mini round-abouts, layout of	
	round-abouts	
IV	Inter-changes: major and minor interchanges, entrance and exit ramps,	5
	acceleration and deceleration lanes, bicycle and pedestrian facility design;	
	parking layout and design.	

- 1. M. Rogers, Highway Engineering, Blackwell Publishing, 2003.
- 2. P. H. Wright, Highway Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
- 3. C. H. Oglesby and R. G. Hicks, Highway Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.
- 4. R. L. Brockenbrough and K. J. Boedecker, Highway Engineering, McGraw-Hill, 1996.

The students will learn:

- The importance of geometric design in creating safe and efficient transportation facilities.
- About the various elements and factors that influence geometric design decisions.
- About study design controls and guidelines established by transportation authorities to ensure safe and consistent designs.
- The role of design speed, sight distance, and other parameters in geometric design.

Course Code	:	TEN 616020
Course Title	:	Airport Engineering
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

This course introduces the issues related to Airport planning along with the designing of Runway. The visual aids required from Airport Traffic operating are dealt with. The necessary inputs required for efficiency drainage system has significance in maintenance of airport.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	General- Regional Planning- Development of New Airport- Data Required	10
	before Site Selection- Airport Site Selection- Surveys for Site Selection-	
	Drawings to be prepared- Estimation of Future Air Traffic Needs.	
II	Runway Orientation- Basic Runway Length- Corrections for Elevation,	10
	Temperature and Gradient- Airport Classification- Runway Geometric	
	Design- Airport Capacity- Runway Configurations- Runway Intersection	
	Design.	
III	Introduction- Various Design Factors- Design Methods for Flexible	15
	Pavement- Design Methods for Rigid Pavement- LCN System of Pavement	
	Design- Joints in Cement Concrete Pavement- Airport Pavement Overlays-	
	Design of an Overlay.	
IV	Airport Grading and Drainage: General- Computation of Earthwork-	10
	Airport Drainage- Special Characteristics and Requirements of Airport	
	Drainage- Design Data- Surface Drainage Design Subsurface Drainage	
	Design.	

- 1. S.K. Khanna, M.G. Arora, Airport Planning and Designing, Nemchand publisher, 1969.
- 2. L. R. Kadyali and Dr. N. B. Lal, Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering (Including Expressways and Airport Engineering), Khanna Publisher, 2023.
- 3. S. K. Sharma, Principles, Practice and Design of Highway Engineering, S Chand Publishing, 2017.

4. S. P. Chandola, A Textbook of Transportation Engineering, S Chand Publishing, 2008.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Plan the region for an airport.
- Design the runway length after considering the correction required for basis runway length.
- Understand the visual aids required for safe landing and takeoff operating of airport.
- Analysis and Design the drainage.

Course Code	:	TEN 616030
Course Title	:	Intelligent Transport Systems
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Its aims to streamline the operation of vehicles that manages vehicle traffic, assists drivers with safety and other information, along with provisioning of convenience applications for passengers and road safety.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction to Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) – Definition of ITS	10
	and Identification of ITS Objectives, Historical Background, Benefits of	
	ITS - ITS Data collection techniques - Detectors, Automatic Vehicle	
	Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI)	
II	Geographic Information Systems (GIS), video data collection.	15
	Telecommunications in ITS – Importance of telecommunications in the ITS	
	system, Information Management, Traffic Management Centres (TMC).	
	Vehicle – Road side communication – Vehicle Positioning System, ITS	
	functional areas – Advanced Traffic Management Systems (ATMS),	
	Advanced Traveler Information Systems (ATIS), Commercial Vehicle	
	Operations (CVO)	
III	Advanced Vehicle Control Systems (AVCS), Advanced Public	15
	Transportation Systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation Systems	
	(ARTS).ITS User Needs and Services - Travel and Traffic management,	
	Public Transportation Management, Electronic Payment, Commercial	
	Vehicle Operations, Emergency Management, Advanced Vehicle safety	
	systems, Information Management.	
IV	Automated Highway Systems - Vehicles in Platoons - Integration of	5
	Automated Highway Systems. ITS Programs in the World - Overview of	
	ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries,	
	smart vehicles using internet of things (IOT), infrastructures design for e-	
	vehicles and their charging points.	

- 1. Kan Paul Chen, John Miles, ITS Hand Book: Recommendations for World Road Association (PIARC),2000
- 2. J. M. Sussman, Perspective on ITS Artech House Publishers, 2005.
- 3. National ITS Architecture Documentation, US Department of Transportation, 2007 (CD-ROM).

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- The concept and significance of Intelligent Transport Systems.
- How ITS technologies and solutions contribute to improving transportation efficiency and safety.
- To explore various components of ITS, such as sensors, communication systems, data processing, and control centers.
- The role of predictive analytics in optimizing traffic flow and reducing congestion.

Course Code	:	TEN 616040
Course Title	:	GIS application in Transportation Engineering
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Familiarize students with the fundamental concepts, principles, and components of Geographic Information Systems. Develop a strong foundation in transportation engineering principles, including traffic flow, transportation modes, and infrastructure components, techniques for acquiring, managing, and processing spatial data relevant to transportation networks, such as road networks, traffic counts, and transportation-related attributes.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Definition, Components of Remote Sensing, Energy, Sensor, Interacting	10
	Body, Active and Passive Remote Sensing, Platforms, Aerial and Space	
	Platforms, Balloons, Helicopters, Aircraft and Satellites, Electromagnetic	
	Radiation, EMR Spectrum.	
II	Basic Concept and Components, Hardware, Software, Data Spatial and non-	15
	spatial, Geo-referencing, Map Projection, Types of Projection, Simple	
	Analysis, Data retrieval and querying Database, Raster and Vector data	
	structures, Data storage, run length, Chain and Block coding, Vector data	
	storage, Topology	
III	GIS Modeling - Raster and Vector data analysis- Buffering and overlaying	15
	techniques – Network Analysis – Spatial Analysis. Highway and Railway	
	Alignment, location of transport Terminals and roadside facilities, bus stops	
	- Route optimization - Bus route rationalization - Accident analysis -	
	Applications of Aerial Photography and Satellite Imageries.	

IV	GIS as an integration technology - Integration of GIS, GPS and Remote	5
	Sensing Techniques – Advanced Traveller Information System (ATIS) –	
	Automatic Vehicle Location System (AVLS).LIDAR and Drone based	
	surveys.	

- 1. Anji Reddy, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York, 1987.
- 2. M. G. Srinivas, Remote Sensing Applications, Narosa Publishing House, 2001
- 3. P. A. Burrough, Principles of GIS for Land Resources Assessment, Oxford Publication, 1994.
- 4. Jeffrey Star and John Ester, Geographical Information System An Introduction, Prentice Hall Inc.,EnglewoodCliffe, 1990.
- 5. D. F. Marble, H. W. Calkins and Penquest, Basic Readings in GIS, Speed System Ltd., New York, 1984.
- 6. S. K. Ghosh and A. M Chandra, Remote Sensing and GIS, Narosa Publications House.
- 7. Thill Jean-Claude, Geographical Information Systems in Transportation Research, Pergamon, 2000.
- 8. O' Sullivan David, Geographic Information Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 9. P. A. Longley, M. J. Barnsley, Jean-Paul Donnay, Remote Sensing and Urban Analysis, Taylor & Francis, 2001.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn to:

- Understand the basic principles of Geographic Information Systems (GIS), including spatial data representation, coordinate systems, and map projections.
- Learn how to analyze transportation networks, including roadways, highways, and public transit systems, using GIS tools.
- Acquire skills in collecting, processing, and managing spatial data related to transportation infrastructure, traffic volumes, and travel patterns.
- Explore various spatial analysis techniques to identify traffic congestion, assess accessibility, and analyze transportation demand.

Course Code	:	TEN 616050
Course Title	:	Pavement Geotechniques
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objectives of this course are to learn the student about the different engineering properties, behaviour of the soil which is used for pavement application.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction; Compaction behavior of soil, effect of compaction, laboratory	6
	and field compaction.	
II	Stress-strain behavior of soils; Mohr Circle of Stress; Principal Stresses.	13
	Shear strength of soil; drained and undrained shear strength of soils,	
	Significance of pore pressure parameters; Determination of shear strength;	
	Interpretation of triaxial test results.	
III	Stress path; Drained and undrained stress path; Stress path with respect to	13
	different initial state of the soil; Stress path for different practical situations.	
IV	Critical state soil mechanics; Critical state parameters; Critical state for	13
	normally consolidated and over consolidated soil; Behavior of sands;	
	Critical void ratio; Effect of dilation in sands; introduction to yielding and	
	hardening;	

Recommended Books/References

- 1. J. H. Atkinson and P.L Bransby, The Mechanics of Soils: An introduction to critical soil mechanics, McGraw Hill, 1978.
- 2. J. H Atkinson, An introduction to the Mechanics of soils and Foundation, McGraw-Hill Co., 1993.
- 3. B. M. Das, Advanced Soil Mechanics, Taylor and Francis, 2nd Edition, 1997.
- 4. D. M. Wood, Soil Behavior and Critical State Soil Mechanics, Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- 5. R. F. Craig, Soil Mechanics, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co. Ltd., 1987.
- 6. K. Terzaghi and R.B. Peck, Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice, John Wiley & Sons, 1967.
- 7. T. W. Lambe and R. V. Whitman, Soil Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Find out the compaction and strength aspect of soil to be used for pavement.
- Analyze the laboratory results of soil to be used for pavement.
- Predict the stress path of soil under various field conditions.
- Able to know about the critical state behavior of soil.

Course Code	:	TEN 616060
Course Title	:	Pavement Evaluation, Rehabilitation and
		Maintenance
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

To understand the process of pavement maintenance and rehabilitation techniques in logical sequence involving existing pavement structural evaluation and condition assessment, distress mechanisms, assignment of feasible alternatives and overall design.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction and definitions. Types of pavement distress.	7
II	Techniques for functional and structural evaluation of pavements, network	15
	and project survey and evaluation,	
III	Pavement rehabilitation techniques, overlay design procedures, recycling of	15
	flexible and rigid pavements,	
IV	Maintenance of paved and unpaved roads, pavement management systems.	8

Recommended Books/References

- 1. R. Robinson, and B. Thagesan, Road Engineering & Development, Spon Press, 2004.
- 2. Yang H. Huang, Pavement Analysis and Design, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004.
- 3. Yoder and Witzech, Pavement Design, McGraw-Hill, 1982.
- 4. K. Atkinson, Highway Maintenance Handbook, Thomas Telford, 1997.
- 5. C. A. O' Flaherty, Highways The Location, Design, Construction, & Maintenance of Pavements, Butterworth Heinemann, 2002.
- 6. National Highway Institute, Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation, Federal Highway Administration Report NHI-97-024, July 1998.
- 7. R. Haas, W. R. Hudson and J. P. Zaniewski, Modern Pavement Management, Krieger Publishing Company. Malabar, Florida, 1994.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn to:

- Classify fundamental types of distresses and their mechanisms in flexible and rigid pavements
- Define steps in condition surveys and data collection procedures for pavement maintenance and rehabilitation.
- Identify feasible maintenance and rehabilitation methods for flexible and rigid pavements
- Prepare design project based on feasible alternatives of maintenance and rehabilitation for flexible pavements.

Course Code	:	TEN 616070
Course Title	:	Project Management
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to learn students about the different management skills for any civil engineering project, their implementation, quality, related economy and related different ideas.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Concepts of material management. Concepts of manpower management.	7
	Project management, relationships among portfolio management, program	
	management, project management, and organizational project management,	
	relationship between project management, operations management and	
	organizational strategy, business value, role of the project manager, project	
	management body of knowledge.	
II	Generation and Screening of Project Ideas: Generation of ideas, monitoring	7
	the environment, corporate appraisal, scouting for project ideas, preliminary	
	screening, project rating index, sources of positive net present value.	
III	Project costing, Project Scope Management: Project scope management,	15
	collect requirements define scope, create WBS, validate scope, control	
	scope. Organizational influences & Project life cycle: Organizational	
	influences on project management, project state holders & governance,	
	project team, project life cycle. Project Integration Management: Develop	
	project charter, develop project management plan, direct & manage project	
	work, monitor & control project work, perform integrated change control,	
	close project or phase.	
IV	Project Quality management: Plan quality management, perform quality	16
	assurance, and control quality. Project Risk Management: Plan risk	
	management, identify risks, perform qualitative risk analysis, perform	
	quantitative risk analysis, plan risk resources, control risk. Project Cost	
	Management: Plan cost management, estimate cost, determine budget, cost	
	control. Network Techniques for Project Management: Development of	
	project network, time estimation, determination of the critical path, PERT	
	Model, CPM model, numerical problems. Scheduling when resources are	
	limited.	

- 1. Project Management Institute, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide), 5th Edition, 2013, ISBN: 978-1-935589-67-9.
- 2. Harold Kerzner, Project Management: A System approach to Planning Scheduling & Controlling, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 11th Edition, 2013, ISBN 978-1-118-02227-6.
- 3. P. Chandra, Project Planning Analysis Selection Financing Implementation & Review, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 7th Edition, 2010, ISBN 0-07-007793-2.

4. R. Burke, Project Management – Planning and Controlling Techniques, John Wiley & Sons, 4th Edition, 2004, ISBN: 9812-53-121-1

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- About the various management skill of a civil engineering project.
- About the development of project ideas and their management plan.
- Role of different stakeholders for the smooth functioning of any project.
- The quality and risk management of project.

Course Code	:	TEN 616080
Course Title	:	Climate Change and Sustainable Development
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide knowledge about climate change, its impact on environment, transportation, clean technology which is going to reduce the impact of climate change.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	The Earth's Climate Machine, Climate Classification, Global Wind	10
	Systems, Trade Winds and the Hadley Cell, The Westerlies, Cloud	
	Formation, Indian Monsoon, Storms and Hurricanes, Hydrological Cycle,	
	Global Ocean Circulation, El Nino and its Effect, Solar Radiation, Earth's	
	Natural Green House Effect, Green House Gases and Global Warming,	
	Carbon Cycle.	
II	Changes in patterns of temperature, precipitation and sea level rise,	15
	Observed effects of Climate Changes: Patterns of Large Scale Variability,	
	Drivers of Climate Change, Climate Sensitivity and Feedbacks - The	
	Montreal Protocol – UNFCCC – IPCC, Evidences of Changes in Climate	
	and Environment, on a Global Scale and in India, climate change modeling.	
III	Climate Impacts on transportation: Impacts on Land-Based Transportation,	10
	Impacts on Air Transportation, Impacts on Marine Transportation, Impacts	
	on River Transportation, Key Mitigation Technologies and Practices:	
	Carbon sequestration,	
IV	Clean Technology and Energy: Clean Development Mechanism -Carbon	10
	Trading- examples of future Clean Technology - Biodiesel - Natural	
	Compost - Eco- Friendly Plastic - Alternate Energy - Hydrogen - Bio-	

fuels - Solar Energy - Wind - Hydroelectric Power - Mitigation Efforts in	
India and Adaptation funding.	

- 1. Anil Markandya, Climate Change and Sustainable Development: Prospects for Developing Countries, Routledge, 2002.
- 2. G. M. Heal, Interpreting Sustainability, in Sustainability: Dynamics and Uncertainty, Kluwer Academic Publ., 1998.
- 3. C. J. Jepma and M. Munasinghe, Climate Change Policy Facts, Issues and Analysis, Cambridge University Press, 1998.
- 4. M. Munasinghe, Sustainable Energy Development: Issues and Policy in Energy, Environment and Economy: Asian Perspective, Kleindorfor P. R. et. al (ed.), Edward Elgar, 1996.
- 5. S. K. Dash, Climate Change An Indian Perspective, Cambridge University Press India Pvt. Ltd, 2007.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Know about the climate and its different components.
- Know about the factors which are responsible for climate change.
- Know about the impact of transportation system on climate change and its mitigation methods.
- Know about clean technology for energy production which is going to help in reducing the impact of transportation effect and other effect on climate change.

Course Code	:	TEN 616090
Course Title	:	Environmental Impact Assessment
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The course aims to introduce the concepts, procedures and methodology of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), to develop a critical awareness of factors which affect the use of EIA as part of project management in the legislative and regulatory context of recently-industrialized or less - industrialized countries, and to expose the students to the need for environmental impact assessments and how to prepare the various documents required by State and Central Government Regulations.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction of environmental impact assessment: Definition of	15
	Environmental Impact Assessment, Need for environmental impact	
	assessment (EIA); Requirements and levels of EIA. EIA and Sustainable	

	Development.	
II	Environmental Impact Assessment Process: Environmental Assessments,	15
	Environmental Impact Statement, Basic Steps in the Process: Alternative,	
	Screening, Scoping, Impact analysis, Mitigation, Follow up, Public	
	Participation and EIA.	
III	Impact prediction methodologies and mitigation measures: Air, Surface and	15
	ground water, Noise, Cultural and socioeconomic. EIA Monitoring and	
	Auditing, Environmental Clearance: Guidelines, acts and legislations, codes	
	and country practices.	

- 1. John Glasson, Riki Therivel and Andrew Chadwi, Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment Principles and procedures, process, practice and prospects, UCL Press, 3rd Edition, 2005.
- 2. Peter Morris and RikiTherivel, Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment, Routledge, 3rd Edition, 2009.
- 3. Barbara Carroll and Trevor Turpin, Environmental Impact assessment handbook A practical guide for planners, developers and communities, Thomas Telford, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Judith Petts, Handbook of Environmental Impact Assessment Vol 1 (Environmental Impact Assessment: Process, Methods and Potential, Wiley, 2005.
- 5. P. Wathern, Environmental Impact Assessment: Theory and Practice, Routledge Publishers, 1990.
- 6. B. Marriott, Environmental Impact Assessment: A Practical Guide, McGraw-Hill Publication, 1997.
- 7. A. K. Shrivastava, Nicola Baxter, Jacob Grimm, Environmental Impact Assessment, APH Publishers, 2003.
- 8. Y. Anjaneyulu, Valli Manickam, Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies, CRC Press, 2011
- 9. J. Glasson, Riki Therivel, Andrew Chadwick, Introduction to Environmental Impact Assessment, Oxford Brookes University, 2012.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Connect perspectives from ecological and social sciences to understand complex socio-ecological issues in developmental projects at multiple spatial scales
- Analyse and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of empirical evidence during Project Scoping for EIA
- Communicate research findings effectively through written, media materials and colloquia in Public hearing for project based EIA
- Assess social and environmental impacts of different policies, plans, and programs (PPP) for strategic environmental assessment (SEA)

Course Code	: TEN616100	
Course Title	: Finite Element Method and Analysis	
Number of Credits	: 3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)	
Course Category	: Professional Elective Course	

Course Objective:

The course intends to present numerical techniques for solving governing equations in mechanical systems. It encompasses a range of challenges, including 1D and 2D structural, thermal, and fluid problems. Additionally, it covers beams and frames issues. The curriculum also introduces concepts related to non-linear and dynamic problems.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	The basic concepts in FEM: - Introduction: Finite difference method (FDM),	10
	finite element method (FEM), advantages of FEM over FDM, One-	
	dimensional problems, Axial deformations of a bar, Strong and weak forms,	
	Essential vs. natural boundary conditions, Variational formulations	
	(Principle of virtual work, principle of minimum potential energy),	
	Approximations (Rayleigh-Ritz &Galerkin). Weighted Residual Methods:	
	Collocation, sub-domain, Galerkin's and least square, Finite element basis	
	functions (linear and quadratic elements), Assembly, Problems with smooth	
	and non-smooth solutions, Convergence.	
II	Bars, Trusses and Beams: Relevance of finite element analysis in design,	15
	Modelling and discretization, Shape functions, elements and Degrees-of-	
	Freedom, Strain-displacement relation, Local and Global equations,	
	Applications of FEA. ISO-Sub-Super parametric formulations. 1D Elements	
	Structural Problems: Linear and Quadratic elements, Elimination and Penalty	
	Approach, Properties of global stiffness matrix. Formulation of Truss	
	element, Plane truss. Beam: Element formulation, plane frames, various	
	loading and boundary conditions.	
III	Two-Dimensional Problems: Two-Dimensional Problems of elasticity, Plain	10
	stress problem, plain strain problem, Stiffness matrix for constant strain	
	triangle, equivalent nodal force vector, linear strain triangle, four noded	
	rectangular element.	
IV	Shape function: Shape function for one-dimensional element-cartesian	10
	coordinates, natural coordinates, Shape function for two-dimensional	
	element-rectangular and triangular element, elements in three dimension -	
	rectangular prism, tetrahedral elements.	

- 1. E. B. Becker, G. F. Carey and J. T. Oden, Finite Elements: An Introduction, Volume I, Prentice Hall, 1981.
- 2. R D Cook, D S Malkus, M E Plesha, and R J Witt, Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis, Wiley.
- 3. P. Seshu, Text book of Finite Element Analysis, PHI.
- 4. K. J. Bathe, Finite Element Procedures, PHI.
- 5. T. R. Chandrupatla and A. D. Belegunda. Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, PHI.

6. P. N. Godbole, Introduction to finite Element Method, I. K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2013.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course:

- Students will be able to understand the concept of finite element method and develop algorithms for analysis of mechanical systems.
- Students will be able to apply the knowledge of FEM for 1D stress analysis, modal analysis, heat transfer analysis and flow analysis.
- Students will be able to formulate and solve problems of trusses, beams and frames, students will also be able to use commercial packages for complex problems

Course Code	:	TEN 616110
Course Title	:	Design and Maintenance of Low Volume
		Road
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide knowledge to students about rural road, its different component, and its design and maintenance aspect.

Unit	Content	Hours				
Ι	Introduction: Importance of Rural roads, Classification of rural roads,	12				
	Terrain classification, Socio-economic impact of rural roads. Planning and	l				
	Alignment: Data base for master plan, Concept of network planning, Rural					
	Roads plan, Road alignment, Governing factors for route selection, Factors	l				
	controlling alignment, Surveys, Detailed project report, Environmental	l				
	issues.	l				
II	Road Materials: General, Soil and material surveys, Soil as road	10				
	construction material, Stabilized soils, Aggregates for pavement courses,	l				
	New materials and stabilizers, Materials for bituminous construction,	l				
	Materials for semi-rigid and rigid pavement, Materials for special	l				
	pavements Climatic suitability of concrete materials	l				
III	Pavement Design: Introduction, Design parameters, Pavement components,	10				
	Design of flexible pavement, Design of semi-rigid pavement, Design of	l				
	rigid pavement, Design of special pavements,	l				
IV	Drainage and Shoulders Specifications and Construction: General, Selection	13				
	of construction materials and methodology, Earthwork, Sub-base, Base	l				
	course, Bituminous constructions, Semi-rigid pavement construction,	1				
	Concrete pavements, Construction of special pavements, Equipment	1				
	required for different operations	1				

- 1. S.K. Khanna, C.E.G Justo and A. Veeraragavan Highway Engineering, Nemchand Brothers publications.
- 2. IRC: SP 20-2002, "Rural Roads Manual".
- 3. IRC: SP 72-2007, Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements for Low Volume Rural Roads.
- 4. IRC: SP 62-2004, Guidelines for the Design and Construction of Cement Concrete Pavements for Rural Roads.
- 5. IRC, Specifications for Rural Roads, MoRD, 2004.
- 6. CRRI, Various Reports on Use of Waste Materials.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- About the rural road and its different component.
- About the materials used for construction and maintenance of rural road.
- About the pavement design of rural road.
- About the construction of drainage facilities.

Course Code	:	TEN 616120
Course Title	:	Railways and Waterways
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Provide students with a strong foundation in the principles, theories, and concepts related to railways and waterways engineering, enabling them to understand the complexities of transportation systems and infrastructure.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Historical development of railway tracks, permanent way, rails, rail joints	10
	and welding of rails, sleepers, sleeper fastenings, blast and formation,	
II	Geometric design of the track, points and crossing, signaling, interlocking,	15
	track stresses, traction and tractive resistance. Syncrolift equipment in ports	
	(General definition consideration and aspects in planning and design of	
	ports and terminals)	
III	physical planning, location and orientation of major port components,	15
	access channels, basins, breakwaters, wharfs, quays piers, jetties, fendors,	
	simulation modeling, analytical solutions	
IV	Cargo handling systems, economic feasibility and evaluation. Mass Rapid	5
	Transport System.	

- 1. S.C. Saxena and S. P. Arora, A Text Book of Railway Engineering, Dhanpat Rai Publication, 1981.
- 2. M. M. Agarwal and Satish Chandra, Railway Engineering Oxford University Press, 2013.
- 3. Aegerschou et. al., Planning and Design of Port and Marine Terminals, Thomas Talford Publishing, 2004.
- 4. British Ports Association, Institution of Civil Engineers (Great Britain), Port Engineering and Operations: Proc. Conference of British Ports and Future, New Castle upon Tynes, Thomas Telford, London, 1985.
- 5. Hennes and Eske, Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering, McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1969.
- 6. G.P. Tsinker, Port Engineering Planning Construction Maintenance and Security, John Welly and Sons, 2004.

Course Outcomes: The students will learn about:

- Railway track design and alignment principles.
- Signaling and control systems for safe train operations.
- Rolling stock technology, including locomotives and railcars.
- Maintenance strategies to ensure track safety and efficiency.
- Railway electrification and power supply systems.

Course Code	:	TEN 611030
Course Title	:	Research Methodology and IPR
Number of Credits	:	2 (L: 2, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

To impart knowledge on formulation of research problem, research methodology, and ethics involved in doing research and importance of IPR protection

Unit	Content	Hours		
Ι	Foundations of Research: Meaning, Objectives, Motivation, Utility. Concept	10		
	of theory, empiricism, deductive and inductive theory. Problem			
	Identification & Formulation: Research Question, Investigation Question,			
	Measurement Issues, Hypothesis: Qualities of a good Hypothesis, Null			
	Hypothesis & Alternative, Hypothesis Testing – Logic & Importance.			
Π	Research Design: Features of a good research design, Exploratory Research	10		
	Design – concept, types and uses, Descriptive Research Designs – concept,			
	types and uses. Experimental Design: Concept of Independent & Dependent			
	variables. Qualitative and Quantitative Research: Qualitative research,			
	Quantitative research, Model evaluation guidelines.			
V	Interpretation of Data and Paper Writing – Layout of a Research Paper,	5		
	Journals in Water Resources/Transportation Engineering, Impact factor of			
	Journals, Ethical issues related to publishing, Plagiarism and Self-Plagiarism,			
	Reference Management Software like Mendeley.			

VI	Understanding basics of IPR, Types of patent application and claim	5
	construction, Patent search, Procedure and managements of patents,	
	Assessment of new idea, its patentability and patent filing procedure	

- 1. D. C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, Willey, India, 2007.
- 2. C. R. Kothari, Research Methodology- Methods and Technique, New Age International, New Delhi, 2004
- 3. D. C. Montgomery and George C. Runger, Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers, Willey, India, 2007
- 4. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, Research Methodology: An introduction for Science & Engineering Students, Juta and Co. Limited, 1996
- 5. R. Kumar, Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for Beginners, Pearson India, 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 6. D. J. Halbert, Resisting Intellectual Property, Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation & Analyze research related information and Follow research ethics
- Correlate the results of any research article with other published results. Write a review article in the field of engineering.
- Appreciate the importance of IPR and protect their intellectual property. Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits

Course Code	:	TEN 612040
CourseTitle	:	Transportation Engineering Laboratory -I
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0,T:0, P:2)
Course Category	:	Laboratory Course

Course Objective:

Transportation Engineering Laboratory fulfils the needs of analyzing the traffic movements and testing the pavement materials. In this section 1, the test of pavement material is to be done.

Experiment	Name of Test
Number	
1	To determine the aggregate crushing value of coarse aggregate (IS 2386 – Part IV
	-1963)
2	To determine the impact value of coarse aggregate (IS 2386-Part IV-1963)
3	To determine the los angeles abrasion value of coarse aggregate (IS 2386 –Part IV
	-1963)
4	To determine the penetration value of bitumen material (IS 1203-1978)

5	To determine softening point of bituminous material (IS 1205-1978)
6	To determine the ductility value of bituminous material (IS 1208-1978).

- 1. Indian Standard –Methods of test for aggregates for concrete –Part IV Mechanical Properties (IS:2386 –Part IV-1963)
- Indian Standard Methods for testing tar and bituminous materials (IS: 1201-1978 to IS: 1220 -1978)

Course Outcome:

In this lab, the properties of coarse aggregrate is to be found and properties of bituminous material is to be found so that it will be easy to learn that what type of material is required for construction of road pavement.

Course Code	:	TEN 612050
Course Title	:	Seminar I
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0,T:0, P:2)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

- 1. Identify and compare technical and practical issues related to the area of WRE/TE.
- 2. Prepare a well-organized report employing elements of technical writing and critical thinking.
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to describe, interpret and analyze technical issues and develop competence in presenting.

Course Outcome:

- Establish motivation for any topic of interest and develop a thought process for technical presentation.
- Organize a detailed literature survey and build a document with respect to technical publications.
- Analysis and comprehension of proof-of-concept and related data.
- Effective presentation and improve soft skills.

Course Code	:	AUD616061
Course Title	:	AUD I (Stress Management by Yoga)
Number of Credits	:	0 (L: 2, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Audit Course

Course Objective:

The main aim of this course is to teach students about stresses, their effects and different yoga/meditation techniques for reliving the stress of the body and mind.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Meaning and Definition of Stress. Types: Eutress, Distress, Anticipatory	6
	Anxiety, Intense Anxiety and Depression. Meaning of Management – Stress	
	Management.	
2	Concept of Stress according to Yoga: Patanjali aphorism (PYS II - 3) Avidya	8
	Asmita. Bhagavad - Gita (Gita II 62-63) Dhayato Visayam Punsah, Yoga	
	Vasistha and Upanishad.	
3	Mechanism of Stress related diseases: Psychic, Psychosomatic, Somatic and	8
	Organic phase. Role of Meditation & Pranayama on stress – physiological	
	aspect of Meditation. Constant stress & strain, anxiety, conflicts resulting in	
	fatigue among Executive. Contribution of Yoga to solve the stress related	
	problems of Executive.	
4	Meaning and definition of Health – various dimensions of health (Physical,	8
	Mental, Social and Spiritual) – Yoga and health – Yoga as therapy. Physical	
	fitness. Stress control exercise - Sitting meditation, Walking meditation,	
	Progressive muscular relaxation, Gentle stretches and Massage.	

Recommended Books/References

- 1. Andrews, Linda Wasmer., Stress Control for peace of Mind. London: Greenwich Editions, 2005.
- 2. Lalvani, Vimla., Yoga for stress. London: Hamlyn, 1998.
- 3. H.R. Nagendra, and R. Nagarathana, Yoga perspective in stress management. Bangalore: Swami Vivekananda Yoga Prakashana, 2004
- 4. H.R. Nagendra and R. Nagarathana, Yoga practices for anxiety & depression. Bangalore: Swami Sukhabodhanandha Yoga Prakashana, 2004.
- 5. S., Swami, Stress Management. Banglore: Prasanna trust, 2002.
- 6. K.N. Udupa, Stress management by Yoga. NewDelhi: Motilal Banaridass Publishers Private Limited, 1996.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Know about the different kind of stresses occurs in the individual.
- Know about the diseases occurs due to stresses developed in body and mind.
- Know about different kind of yoga/mediation for reliving the stresses.

Second Semester

Course Code	:	TEN 621010
Course Title	:	Pavement Analysis and Design
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to teach students about the analysis of road pavement and teaches them the design of both rigid and flexible pavement as per IRC.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Types of Pavements:Factors affecting design of pavements, wheel loads,	10
	ESWL Concept, tyre pressure, contact pressure, Material characteristics,	
	Environmental and other factors	
II	Stresses in flexible pavement: layered systems concept, one-layer system,	15
	Business Two-layer system, Burmister Theory for Pavement Design.	
	Stresses in rigid pavements: relative stiffness of slab, modulus of sub-grade	
	reaction, Westergaard's stresses due to warping, stresses due to loads,	
	stresses due to friction.	
III	Pavement design: CBR Method of Flexible Pavement Design- IRC method	10
	of flexible pavementdesign, AASHTO Method of Flexible Pavement	
	design, IRC: 58-2002, IRC:58-2015.	
IV	IRC method of Rigid pavement design: Importance of Joints in Rigid	10
	Pavements, Types of Joints, Use of Tie Bars and Dowell Bars. AASHTO	
	method of Rigid pavement design.	

Recommended Books/References

- 1. Y. H. Huang, Pavement Analysis and Design, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004.
- 2. Yoder and Witzech, Pavement Design, McGraw-Hill, 1982.
- 3. Sharma and Sharma, Principles and Practice of Highway Engg., Asia Publishing House, 1980.
- 4. Teng, Functional Designing of Pavements, McGraw-Hill, 1980.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Explain about pavement material characterization.
- Outline pavement design principles and traffic consideration.
- Discuss about analysis and design of flexible pavement.
- Discuss about analysis and design of concrete pavement.

Course Code	:	TEN 621020
Course Title	:	Traffic Engineering
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

To understand the concepts of highway capacity to be aware of various methods of collecting traffic data to understand the basics of highway planning and design, and workout problems in design of road geometrics to learn the principles of intersection design to learn the importance of road safety

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours				
Ι	Driver behaviour, traffic information and control systems, traffic studies-	10				
	volume, speed and delay studies, elements of traffic flow theory					
II	characteristics of uninterrupted traffic, capacity and LOS of Uninterrupted	15				
	facilities, characteristics of interrupted traffic, traffic characteristics at					
	unsignalised intersections					
III	design of signalized intersections, capacity and LOS of signalized					
	intersections, actuated signal control, signal coordination, design of parking,					
	lighting and terminal facilities,					
IV	Simulation of traffic systems, statistics and probability in traffic	5				
	engineering, trends in traffic engineering.					

Recommended Books/References

- 1. R. P. Roess, William R. McShane& Elena S. Prassas, Traffic Engineering, Prentice-Hall, 1990.
- 2. L. J. Pignataro, Traffic Engineering Theory and Practice, Prentice Hall, 1973.
- 3. C. J. Khisty and B. K. Lall, Transportation Engineering: An Introduction, Prentice-Hall India, 2003.
- 4. M. Wohl and B. V. Martin, Traffic System Analysis, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1967.
- 5. P. Chakroborty and A. Das, Principles of Transportation Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2003.
- 6. L. R. Kadiyali, Traffic Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2000.
- 7. A. D. May, Traffic Flow Fundamentals, Prentice–Hall, 1990.
- 8. C.S. Papacostas, Transportation Engineering and Planning, Prentice-Hall India, 2001.
- 9. Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), Transportation Research Board, USA, 2000.
- 10. Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), Transportation Research Board, USA, 2000.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- The fundamental concepts and principles of traffic engineering.
- About the importance of traffic engineering in managing transportation systems.

- The basics of traffic flow, including parameters like volume, density, speed, and flow rate.
- To explore the relationships between these parameters and their impact on roadway performance.
- About various techniques for collecting traffic data, such as loop detectors, cameras, and surveys.
- To analyze traffic data to assess congestion, travel patterns, and peak periods.

Course Code	:	TEN 626010
Course Title	:	Ground Improvement Techniques
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide knowledge about the different methods of ground improvement, their field application, and suitability for different soils and site.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Site investigation and subsoil exploration; Methods of boring and sampling;	10
	Field tests; Engineering properties of soft, weak and compressible deposits	
II	Static and Dynamic compaction; Preloading; Vertical drains; Granular piles	14
III	Lime stabilization and injection; Grouting; Soil nailing; Anchors; Vacuum	14
	consolidation; Thermal, electrical and chemical methods	
IV	Electro-osmosis; soil freezing; vacuum consolidation, Case histories.	7

Recommended Books/References

- 1. J.E. Bowles, Foundation Analysis and Design, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 1997.
- 2. M.R. Hausmann, Engineering Principles of Ground Modification, McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1990.
- 3. R. Yonekura, M. Terashi and M. Shibazaki (Eds.), Grouting and Deep Mixing, A.A. Balkema, 1966.
- 4. M.P. Moseley, Ground Improvement, Blackie Academic & Professional, 1993.
- 5. P.P. Xanthakos, L.W. Abramson and D. A. Bruce, Ground Control and Improvement, John Wiley & Sons, 1994.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Identify the poor site/soil to be used for infrastructure development.
- Choose the specific technique for treatment of poor soil to be used for

construction purpose.

- Treat existing foundation soil so that the safety of structure can be maintained.
- Handle project work related to soil modification.

Course Code	:	TEN 626020
Course Title	:	Subsurface Investigation and Instrumentation
Number of Credits	:	3 (L:3, T:0, P:0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to make students understand the importance of site investigation, planning of sub soil investigation, and interpretation of investigated data to design suitable foundation system.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Scope and objectives, planning of exploration program - methods of exploration - exploration for preliminary and detailed design, spacing and depth of bores, data presentation Geophysical exploration and interpretation - reflection, refraction and resistivity: Spectral analysis of surface waves (SASW), Multichannel Analysis of Surface Waves (MASW), cross hole – up hole - down hole methods.	15
п	Methods of boring and drilling, non-displacement and displacement methods, drilling in difficult subsoil conditions, offshore drilling, limitations of various drilling techniques, stabilization of boreholes, bore logs.	10
III	Sampling Techniques – quality of samples – factors influencing sample quality - disturbed and undisturbed soil sampling advanced sampling techniques, offshore sampling, shallow penetration samplers, preservation and handling of samples.	12
IV	Instrumentation in soil engineering, functional components of data acquisition system - strain gauges, resistance and inductance type, load cells, earth pressure cells, settlement and heave gauges, pore pressure measurements - slope indicators, sensing units, case studies.	8

- 1. R.E. Hunt, Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Manual, McGraw Hill, 1984.
- 2. A. Singh and G. R. Chowdhary, Soil Engineering in Theory and Practice, Volume-2, Geotechnical testing and instrumentation, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. J. Dunnicliff and G.E. Green, Geotechnical Instrumentation for Monitoring Field Performance, John Wiley, 1993.
- 4. T. H. Hanna, Field Instrumentation in Geotechnical Engineering, Trans Tech., 1985.
- 5. C. R. I. Clayton, M. C. Matthews and N. E. Simons Site Investigation, Second Edition Halsted Press, 1982.

- 6. G. Ranjan and A.S.R. Rao, Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1991.
- 7. J. E Bowles, Physical and Geotechnical Properties of Soil, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1985.

The students will be able to:

- Plan the subsurface investigation program for a given project also capable of extending consultancy service for real time Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering problems
- Apply the knowledge of different methods of exploration to select appropriate method of boring for investigating real field condition.
- Apply the knowledge of different sampling techniques to collect, store and transport soil samples from onshore and offshore to meet specified needs and also to characterize the soil.
- Plan the instrumentation programme, execute the same in the field and monitor the performance of geotechnical structures to ensure its stability during its life time.

Course Code	:	TEN 626030
Course Title	:	Road Safety
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

To learn the basic and advance road safety parameters including traffic regulatory objects and bodies including its evaluation techniques.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction to safety: Road accidents, Trends, Causes, Collision and	08
	Condition diagrams, Highway safety, Human factors, Vehicle factors Road	
	Safety Management System: Multi causal dynamic systems approach to	
	safety, Crash vs accident, Road safety improvement strategies, Elements of	
	a road safety plan, Safety Data Needs.	
II	Statistical Interpretation and Analysis of Crash Data: Before-after methods	10
	in crash analysis, advanced statistical methods. Black Spot Identification &	
	Investigations, Case Studies.	
III	Road Safety Audits: Key elements of a road safety audit, Road Safety	10
	Audits & Investigations, Crash investigation and analysis, Describe	
	methods for identifying hazardous road locations, Case Studies	
IV	Crash Reconstruction: Describe the basic information that can be obtained	7
	from the roadway surface, Understand basic physics related to crash	
	reconstruction, speed for various skid, friction, drag, and acceleration	
	scenarios, variables involved in jump and flip crashes, variables involved in	

	pedestrian crashes.	
V	Mitigation Measures: Accident prevention by better planning, Accident	10
	prevention by better design of roads, Crash Countermeasures, Highway	
	operation and accident control measures, Highway Safety Measures during	
	construction, Highway geometry and safety.	

- 1. S. K. Khanna and C. E. G. Justo, Highway Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros, 19891.
- 2. L. R. Kadyali and N. B. Lal, Highway Engineering, Khanna Book Publishing Company (P) Limited, 2017.
- 3. S. P. Bindra, A Course in Highway Engineering, Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2003.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- The essential elements of road safety measures and its evaluation methods followed.
- To learn the how to prevent accidents by better planning roads

Course Code	:	TEN 626040
Course Title	:	Operations Research
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide strong foundation for understanding the fundamental principles and laws of Operation Research to understand Linear, network Analysis, queuing and about project management.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours		
Ι	Optimization Techniques, Model Formulation, models, General L.R	10		
	Formulation, Simplex Techniques, Sensitivity Analysis, Inventory Control			
	Models			
II	Formulation of a LPP - Graphical solution revised simplex method - duality			
	theory - dual simplex method - sensitivity analysis - parametric programming			
III	Nonlinear programming problem - Kuhn-Tucker conditions min cost flow	12		
	problem - max flow problem - CPM/PERT			
IV	Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models -	8		
	deterministic inventory models - Probabilistic inventory control models			

- 1. H.A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008.
- 2. H.M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research, PHI, Delhi, 1982.

- 3. J.C. Pant, Introduction to Optimisation: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008.
- 4. H. Libermann, Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009.
- 5. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010.
- 6. H. M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010.

The students will learn to:

- Identify and develop operational research models from the verbal description of the real system.
- Understand the mathematical tools that are needed to solve optimization problems.
- To apply dynamic programming techniques to solve the complex problem.

Course Code	:	TEN 626050
Course Title	:	Intersection Design and Analysis
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

- 1. To define and explain the necessity of different types of intersection planning and their design.
- 2. To provide detailed knowledge of controlled and uncontrolled signal design with a focus on vehicle and pedestrian movement.
- 3. To develop an in-depth understanding of the placement of traffic control devices, and alteration of existing intersection geometry.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Types of intersections, Principles of design, types of maneuvers, relative	10
	speed, conflict points and area.	
II	Intersection geometrics and their influence on design/operation. Concept of	15
	capacity and LOS, Operational analysis of two-way and all-way stop	
	controlled intersections and Roundabouts by US and Indian methods, mini	
	roundabouts.	
III	Analysis of signal-controlled intersections by US, British and Swedish	15
	methods, delay and its evaluation. Types of signals, Design of signals by	
	Indian, US and British methods, signal coordination.	
IV	Grade separated intersections and interchanges, weaving sections and their	5
	operational evaluation, Intersection signs, marking and lighting	

- 1. C. S. Papacostas and P. D. Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering & Planning, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. F. L. Mannering, Walter P. Kilareski and Scott S. Washburn, Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis, Wiley India Edition, 2007.
- 3. C. Jotin Khistya and B. Kent Lall, Transportation Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. C. A. O. Flaherty, Transport Planning and Traffic Engineering, Hodder Headline Group, London, 1997.
- 5. Highway Capacity Manual of US, Transportation Research Board, Washington DC. 2010.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- To utilize traffic simulation tools to model intersection operations.
- To implement sustainable transportation concepts in intersection design.
- To analyse real-world case studies of successful and unsuccessful designs.

Course Code	:	TEN 626060
Course Title	:	Transportation Economics
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The main objective of this course is to give broad insight into the different facets of transportation systems, while providing a solid introduction to transportation demand and cost analyses, Covers the key principles governing transportation planning.

Course Content:

Unit	Content	Hours		
Ι	Overview of Transportation Economics; Transportation Investments and	10		
	economic Development.			
II	Basics of Engineering economics, marginal analysis, opportunity cost, 1			
	shadow price, money value of time, discounted cash flow, Page 2 NPV,			
	ROR, benefit-cost analysis.			
III	Road User Costs; Public transportation economics; Social Cost of	15		
	Transportation; Cost of congestion, pollution, traffic accidents.			
IV	Taxation, regulations, financing Transport Systems; Legal framework for			
	transportation sector, case studies.			

- 1. Richard de Neufville, Applied Systems Analysis: Engineering Planning and Technology Management, Mcgraw-Hill International Edition.
- 2. D. W. Pearce, R. Kerry Turner, Economics of Natural Resources and the environment, The John Hopkins University Press,USA.

- 3. Emile Quinet and Roger Vickerman, Principles of Transport Economics, Edward Elgar Publishing, 2004
- 4. Christopher Nash and Bryan Matthews eds. Measuring the marginal Social Cost of transport, Research in transportation Economics, vol.14, Elsevier, 2005.
- 5. K. A. Small, Urban Transportation economics, Harwood Academic Publishers, 1992.
- 6. Sergio Jara-Diaz, Transport Economic Theory, Elsevier, 2007.

The students will understand to:

- Critically assess transportation policies and regulations from an economic standpoint.
- Grasp the economic implications of different financing options and investment decisions in transportation.
- Comprehend the spatial dimensions of transportation economics and its role in regional development.
- Consider environmental factors in transportation decision-making and assess sustainable alternatives.
- Compare public and private transportation systems based on economic efficiency and equity.
- Analyze real-world case studies to apply theoretical concepts to practical transportation scenarios.

Course Code	:	TEN 626070
Course Title	:	Highway Construction Practice
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of the course is to introduce students to the construction practices for highways, covering allaspects of construction procedures and quality control.

Unit	Content	Hours							
Ι	Road planning and reconnaissance;road constructiontechniques:								
	construction staking, clearing and grubbing of the road construction area								
II	Construction of subgrade: excavation and filling, compaction, preparation	15							
	of sub grade, quality control tests, Construction of granular subbase,								
	Construction of dry lean concrete subbase, Construction of granular layer,								
	use of geo-textiles and geo-grids.								
III	Construction of bituminous layers - bituminous McAdam, dense	12							
	bituminous Mcadum, bituminous concrete.								
IV	Construction of concrete pavements, Construction of embankments,	10							
	Construction of non-conventional pavements.								

- 1. MOST, Specifications for Road and Bridge Work (4th Revision), Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, 2001.
- 2. R. N. Hunter, Bituminous Mixtures in Road Construction, Thomas Telford Services Ltd., 1995.
- 3. C. H. Oglesby, and R. G. Hicks, Highway Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, 1982.
- Coleman O'Flaherty (ed.) Highways-The Location, Design, Construction and Maintenance ofRoad Pavements, ICE Publishing 5th edition, 2015. ISBN: 9780727759931

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- About techniques used for the construction of different component of pavement.
- About the earthwork and equipment used for highway construction.
- About the application of reinforcement techniques for pavement construction.
- About the construction of rigid and flexible pavement using non-conventional way.

Course Code	:	TEN 626080
Course Title	:	Hill Road Planning, Design,
		Construction and Maintenance
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to make students to gain knowledge on designing roads inhilly and rural areas.

Unit	Content	Hours			
Ι	Importance of Hill roads, Classification, Terrain classification, Planning and	12			
	Alignment: Data base for master plan, Concept of network planning, Road				
	alignment, Governing factors for route selection, Factors controlling				
	alignment, Special considerations while aligning hill roads, Surveys,				
	Detailed project report, Environmental issues.				
II	Geometric Design: Introduction, Design speed, Basic principles of geometric 1				
	design, Elements, Horizontal and vertical alignment, Alignment				
	compatibility, Lateral and vertical clearances. Road Materials: General, Soil				
	and material surveys, Soil as road construction material, Stabilized soils,				
	Aggregates for pavement courses, New materials and stabilizers, Materials				
	for bituminous construction, Materials for semi-rigid and rigid pavement,				
	Materials for special pavements Climatic suitability of concrete materials.				
III	Pavement Design: Introduction, Design parameters, Pavement components,	15			

	Design of flexible pavement, Design of semi-rigid pavement, Design of rigid						
	pavement, Design of special pavements, Drainage and Shoulders						
	Specifications and Construction: General, Selection of construction materials						
	and methodology, Earthwork, Sub-base, Base course, Bituminous						
	constructions, Semi-rigid pavement construction, Concrete pavements,						
IV	Construction of special pavements, Equipment required for different	3					
	operations						

- 1. IRC: SP 20-2002 "Rural Roads Manual".
- 2. IRC: SP 72-2007 "Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements for Low Volume Rural Roads".
- 3. IRC: SP 62-2004 "Guidelines for the Design and Construction of Cement Concrete Pavements for Rural Roads".
- 4. IRC "Specifications for Rural Roads", MoRD, 2004.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn:

- About the hill road, its type, factors controlling route selection, alignments and survey.
- About the geometric design of hill road.
- About the design of different types of pavement of hill road.
- About the equipment used in hill road construction.

Course Code	:	TEN 626090
Course Title	:	Transport and Environment
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain a thorough understanding of different transportation modes (road, rail, air, water) and their components, operations, and infrastructure. Analyze the environmental impacts of transportation systems, including air and noise pollution, greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption, land use, and their effects on climate change and local ecosystems.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Modes of Transportation, Sources of air pollution, Mixed traffic flow,	10
	Transport related pollution, Road transport related air Pollution, Air	
	Transport Related Air pollution, Effects of Weather Conditions.	
II	Vehicular emission parameters, Pollution standards, Measurement and	15
	analysis of vehicular emission, Predicting Air pollution concentration:	
	Pollution dispersion model, Plume rise model, Mitigative Measures, Air	
	pollution Index.	

III	Water Transport Related pollution, impact on water quality, flora, fauna, Mitigative measures. Urban and non-urban traffic noise sources, Noise level	15
	factors, Effects of traffic noise.	
IV	Propagation and measurement of traffic noise, Prediction and control	5
	measures, Noise studies, Noise standards. Technology Vision-2020, Energy	
	related aspects of different transport technologies.	

- 1. K. Wark, C.F. Warner and W.T. Davis, Air Pollution: Its Origin and Control, Prentice Hall. 3rd Ed. 1997.
- 2. R.W. Boubel, Fundamentals of Air Pollution, Academic Press, 4th Ed. 2007.
- 3. D. Vallero, Fundamentals of Air Pollution, Academic Press, 4th Ed. 2007.
- 4. L. Canter, Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw-Hill International, 2nd Ed. 1995.
- 5. J.G. Henry and G. W. Heinke, Environmental Scientific Engineering, Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt.ltd. New Delhi
- 6. M. N. Rao and H. V. N Rao, Air Pollution, Tata McGraw Hill Publication Company limited, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn to:

- Grasp the complex interplay between transportation systems and their environmental impacts.
- Understand national and international regulations addressing transportation-related environmental issues.
- Recognize the role of policies in minimizing negative environmental effects.
- Identify emission sources from different transportation modes and their impact on air quality.
- Evaluate strategies to mitigate air pollutants and enhance urban air quality.

Course Code	:	TEN 626100
Course Title	:	Airport Systems Planning and Design
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Gain a comprehensive understanding of the various components that constitute an airport system, including airside, landside, terminals, runways, taxiways, and navigational aids.

Course	Content:	
Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Visual Aids: Airport Day time markings, airport lighting, visibility, visual	10
	aids	
II	Structural design of airport pavements: Design Factors, Design of flexible	15
	and rigid pavements using FAARFIELD.	

III	Airside capacity and delay: mathematical models for capacity and delay, space time concept, models for mixed traffic. Air Traffic Control: Importance of flight rules, navigational aids.					
IV	Air Traffic Control: controls, obstruction and clearance requirements. Design of heliports.	5				

- 1. Robert Horonjeff and Francis X. McKelvey, Planning & Design of Airports, McGraw Hill, Inc, 1993.
- 2. S. K. Khanna, M. G. Arora and S. S. Jain, Airport Planning & Design, Nem Chand and Bros. Roorkee, 2004.
- 3. N. Ashford and P. H. Wright, Airport Engineering, John Wiley & Sons, NY., 1992.
- 4. ICAO, Aerodrome Design Manual, International Civil Aviation Organization, Montreal, Canada, 1988.

Course Outcomes:

The students will learn to:

- Understand the various components of airport systems, including airside and landside operations, terminals, runways, and taxiways.
- Grasp the foundational principles of airport planning, including site selection, capacity assessment, and long-term master planning.
- Gain insights into terminal layout, passenger flow optimization, baggage handling systems, and security considerations.

Course Code	:	TEN 626110
Course Title	:	Mass Transit System
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

Main objectives of this course is to teach students about handling of huge intra-city traffic for highly populated urban areas by application of optimum construction methodologies for intra-city Transportation systems along with railway safety, Railway alignment and track design.

Unit	Content	Hours					
Ι	Mass transit concepts trip interchanges and assignments Urban	15					
	transportation problems, Modes of mass transit- their planning, construction						
	and operation, Case studies of existing mass transit systems						
II	Technical and economic evaluation of mass transit projects History and role						
	of public transportation in urban development Urban passenger transport						
	modes Vehicle characteristics and motion Highway transit modes: Buses						
	and trolleybuses						
III	Rail transit modes: street cars, light rail, rapid transit and regional rail New	5					
	concepts and proposed modes						

IV	Bus rapid transit system Principles of bus rapid transit system Lane priority	10
	Contraflow lanes Bus rapid transit: a sustainable approach to mass transit	
	Rapid transit systems Para-transit system Transportation systems.	

- 1. C. S. Papacostas and P. D. Prevedouros, Transportation Engineering and Planning, PHI Publication, 2001.
- 2. S. Grava, Urban Transportation Systems, Mc. Graw Hill Professional, 2003.
- 3. J. D. Fricker and R.K. Whitford, Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering, Pearson, PH, 2004.
- 4. J. E. Anderson, Transit Systems Theory, Lexinton Books, 1978.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will have mastery on efficient Transportation system operation and will

- Handle huge intra-city traffic for highly populated urban areas
- Know about the optimum construction methodologies for intra-city Transportation systems
- Have knowledge on Railway safety
- Have knowledge on Railway alignment and track design

Course Code	:	TEN 626120
Course Title	:	Reinforced Soil Structures
Number of Credits	:	3 (L: 3, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Professional Elective Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to understand students about reinforced soil, its mechanism, types of reinforcement, their properties and function; and design of different reinforced soil structures.

Unit	Content	Hours
Ι	Historical background; Principles, concepts and mechanism of reinforced	8
	earth; Design consideration for reinforced earth and reinforced soil	
	structures	
II	Geosynthetics-their composition, manufacture, properties, functions, testing	7
	and applications in reinforced earth structures.	
III	Design of reinforced soil structures like retaining walls, embankments,	15
	foundation beds	
IV	Designing for Separation, Filtration, Drainage and Roadway Applications;	15
	Designing for Landfill Liners and Barrier Applications; Case histories of	
	applications.	

- 1. C.R.I. Clayton, J. Milititsky and R.I. Woods, Earth Pressure and Earth Retaining Structures, Blackie Academic & Professional, 1993.
- 2. T. Ingold, Reinforced Earth, Thomas Telford Ltd., 1982.
- 3. C. J. F. P Jones, Earth Reinforcement and Soil Structures, Butterworth, 1985.
- 4. R.M. Koerner, Designing with Geosynthetics, Prentice Hall, 1993.
- 5. G. L. Sivakumar Babu, An introduction to Soil reinforcement and geosynthetics, United Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
- 6. G. V. Rao, S. J. Kumar and G.V.S.S. Raju, (Eds.). Earth Reinforcement Design andConstruction. Publication No. 314, Central Board of Irrigation and Power, New Delhi, 2012.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to:

- Know about different reinforcement types and their functions.
- Know about the working mechanism of reinforcement in earth structures.
- Know about the design of earth structure including foundation, pavement, retaining structure, embankment.
- Handle projects of the design of reinforced soil structure

Course Code	:	TEN 622030
Course Title	:	Transportation Engineering Laboratory-II
Number of Credits	:	1 (L:0,T:0, P:2)
Course Category	:	Laboratory Course

Course Objective:

Transportation Engineering Laboratory fulfills the needs of analyzing the traffic movements and testing the pavement materials. In this course, the analysis of traffic movement is to be done.

Experiment	Name of Test
Number	
1	To acquire information on daily travel characteristics to understand travel
	behaviour of individuals.
2	To find out instantaneous speed of the different vehicle at a given stretch along
	with its characteristics.
3	To carry out classified traffic volume counts and calculate peak hour factor for the
	observation.
4	To identify the three fundamental parameters of a stream
5 (a)	To find out parking load, parking accumulation and parking index using patrol
	method.
5 (b)	To find out parking load, parking accumulation and Parking index using in-out

survey	method
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- 1. ITE Manual of Transportation Engineering Studies, 2nd edition
- 2. L. R. Kadiyali, Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1987

Course Outcome:

The students will be able to learn are the important parameters for the design of traffic infrastructure or traffic facilities by knowing

- The travel behavior,
- The spot speed, traffic volume study,
- The traffic stream characteristics and
- Parking study

Course Code	:	TEN 624040
Course Title	:	Mini Project
Number of Credits	:	2 (L:,T:0, P:4)
Course Category	:	Professional Core Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to learn students about literature review of any topic of Transportation Engineering domain.

Course Content:

The mini project will have mid semester presentation and end semester presentation. Mid semester presentation will include identification of the problem based on the literature review on the topic referring to latest literature available.

End semester presentation should be done along with the report on identification of topic for the work and the methodology adopted involving scientific research, collection and analysis of data, determining solutions highlighting individuals' contribution.

Course Outcome:

The students will be able to learn

- The methods of literature review.
- The skill of identifying the research problem based on literature review.
- The skill of finding different methodology to solve the identified problem.
- The skill of report/thesis writing based on his study.

Course Code	:	AUD626051
Course Title	:	AUD II (Disaster Management)
Number of Credits	:	0 (L: 2, T: 0, P: 0)
Course Category	:	Audit Course

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to learn students regarding disasters and its management.

Course	Content:	
Unit	Content	Hours
I	Understanding Disasters: Understanding the Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, and Capacity – Disaster and Development, and disaster management. Types, Trends, Causes, Consequences and Control of Disasters: Geological Disasters (earthquakes, landslides, tsunami, mining); Hydro-Meteorological Disasters (floods, cyclones, lightning, thunder-storms, hail storms, avalanches, droughts, cold and heat waves) Biological Disasters (epidemics, pest attacks, forest fire); Technological Disasters (chemical, industrial, radiological, nuclear) and Man-made Disasters (building collapse, rural and urban fire, road and rail accidents, nuclear, radiological, chemicals and biological disasters) Global Disaster Trends – Emerging Risks of Disasters – Climate Change and Urban Disasters	8
II	Disaster Management Cycle and Framework: Disaster Management Cycle – Paradigm Shift in Disaster Management, Pre-Disaster – Risk Assessment and Analysis, Risk Mapping, zonation and Microzonation, Prevention and Mitigation of Disasters, Early Warning System; Preparedness, Capacity Development; Awareness During Disaster – Evacuation – Disaster Communication – Search and Rescue – Emergency Operation Centre – Incident Command System – Relief and Rehabilitation – Post-disaster – Damage and Needs Assessment, Restoration of Critical Infrastructure – Early Recovery – Reconstruction and Redevelopment; IDNDR, Yokohama Stretegy, Hyogo Framework of Action	7
III	Disaster Management in India: Disaster Profile of India – Mega Disasters of India and Lessons Learnt Disaster Management Act 2005 – Institutional and Financial Mechanism National Policy on Disaster Management, National Guidelines and Plans on Disaster Management; Role of Government (local, state and national),Non-Government and Inter-Governmental Agencies	7
IV	Applications of Science and Technology for Disaster Management: Geo- informatics in Disaster Management (RS, GIS, GPS and RS) Disaster Communication System (Early Warning and Its Dissemination) Land Use Planning and Development Regulations Disaster Safe Designs and Constructions Structural and Non Structural Mitigation of Disasters S&T Institutions for Disaster Management in India	8

- 1. D. P. Coppola, Introduction to International Disaster Management, Elsevier Science (B/H), London, 2007
- 2. World Disasters Report, International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent, Switzerland, 2009.
- 3. S. L. Goyal, Deep & Deep, Encyclopedia of disaster management, Vol I, II and IIIL Disaster management policy and administration, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. Anu Kapur and others, Disasters in India Studies of grim reality, Rawat Publishers, Jaipur, 2005.

- 5. H.N. Srivastava & G.D. Gupta, Management of Natural Disasters in developing countries, Daya Publishers, Delhi, 2006.
- 6. David Alexander, Natural Disasters, Kluwer Academic London, 1999.
- 7. National Disaster Management Policy, GoI, 2009.

The students will learn:

- About different types of disasters.
- Regarding the various management skills for managing the disasters.
- About various government acts and policy to manage the disasters.
- About the application of different technologies to manage the disaster.